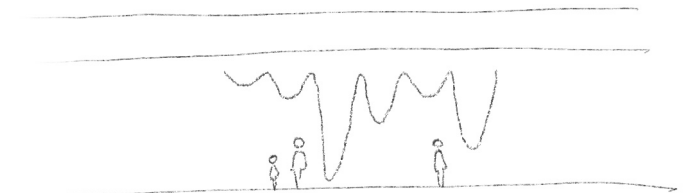


# PORTFOLIO

Tsilil Strauss



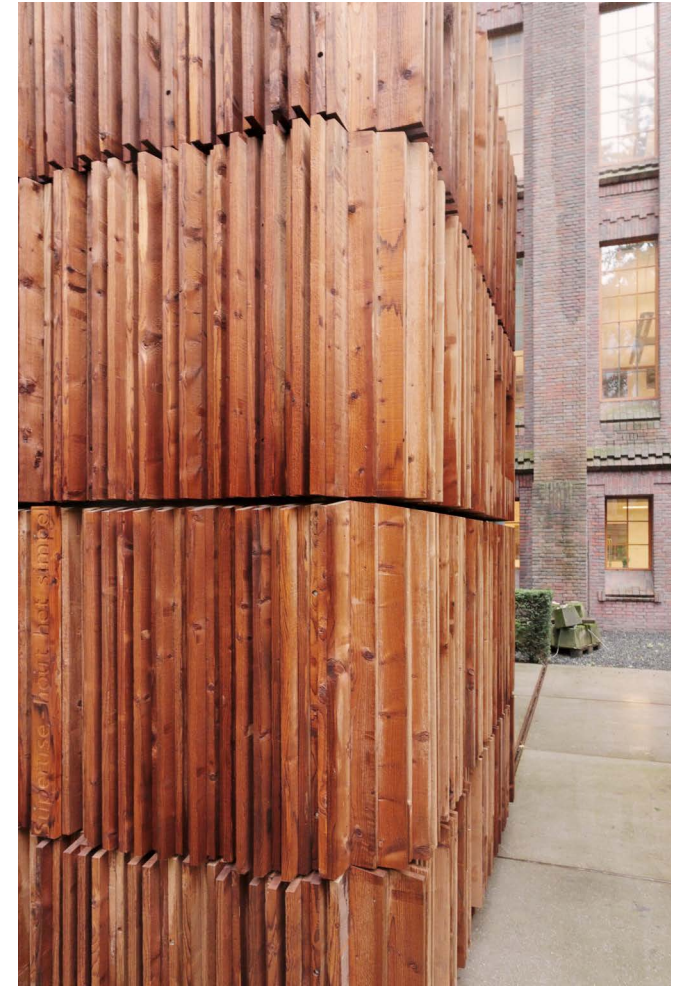
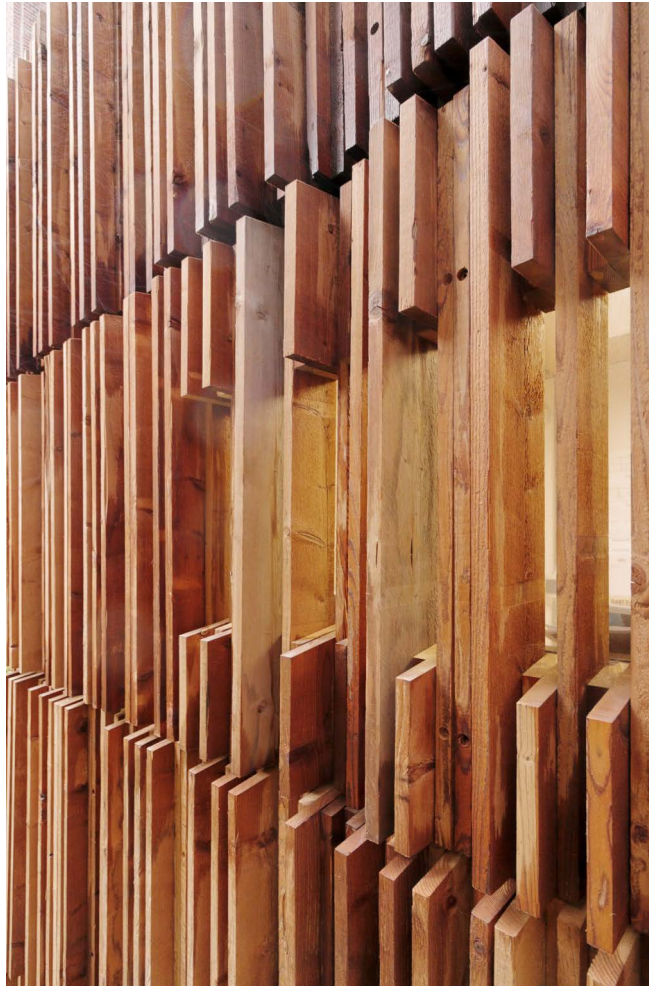
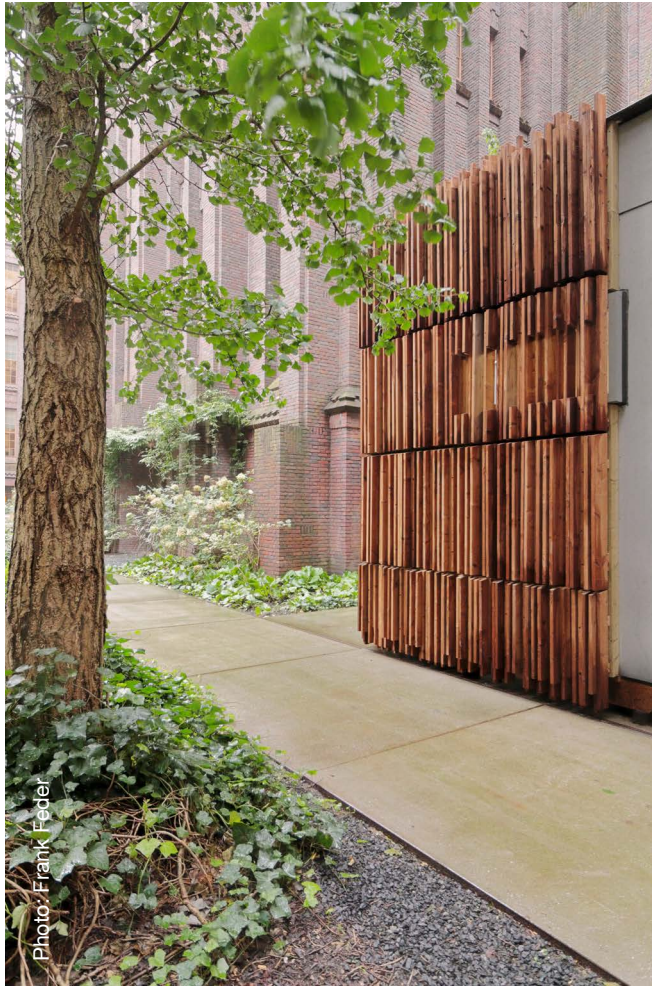
# BIO

## Tsilil Strauss

I am an architect passionate about sustainable and circular architecture. I thrive on being part of the project from concept to completion, balancing a structured approach with creativity and flexibility. Working collaboratively and mentoring others energizes me—I believe great design happens when people feel heard and inspired.

With a background in both architecture and philosophy, I bring a research-driven mindset to every challenge. I'm proactive, communicative, and enjoy connecting diverse perspectives to create meaningful, socially engaged environments. From mentoring students to collaborating with project teams, I focus on building relationships that spark innovation and growth.





# HOUT HET SIMPEL

2023 - 2024

office: Superuse

location: Netherlands

phase and role: competition to delivery prototype/ project lead and

designer with Frank Feder en Floris Schiferli

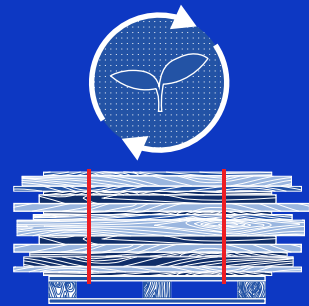
project type: Modular facade for ProRail

The design was developed in response to ProRail's call for sustainable and modular facade concepts for technical buildings along the railway. It embraces **simplicity**, reuse, and **durability** by employing reclaimed, thermally modified wood in a system that is both modular and adaptable. Variations in material size and form are accommodated within a coherent architectural language.

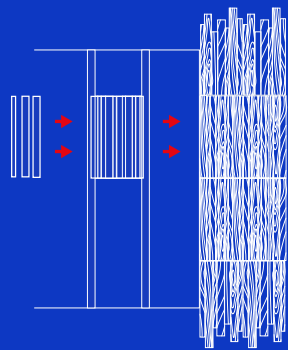
Guided by a low-tech, circular approach—minimal intervention, minimal waste—the design celebrates the **irregularities of reused materials**, allowing texture and rhythm to emerge

naturally. The result is a robust yet modest architectural expression: one that does not seek attention but quietly communicates **care and material integrity**. It offers a grounded response—practical, context-aware, and rooted in available resources—providing a resilient solution for a demanding infrastructural setting.

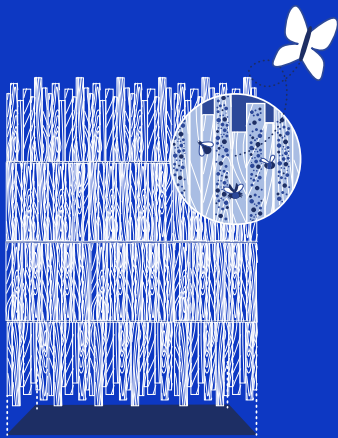




*Collecting varied wooden elements*



*A panel system for easy maintenance*

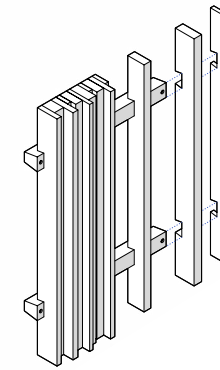


*Bio-based cladding with integrated nesting and habitat features*

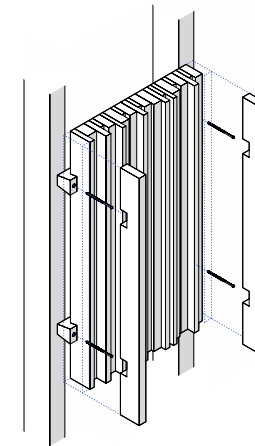


This design follows a circular approach that begins with the material. We prioritized the use of reclaimed and residual materials—sourced from production leftovers—and avoided unnecessary processing to reduce fossil energy use to meet ProRail ambitions for 2050. When new components were needed, we opted for **renewable, bio-based resources**.

Components are easily exchangeable thanks to a clear and **accessible construction system**, supporting long-term **maintenance** and **flexibility**.



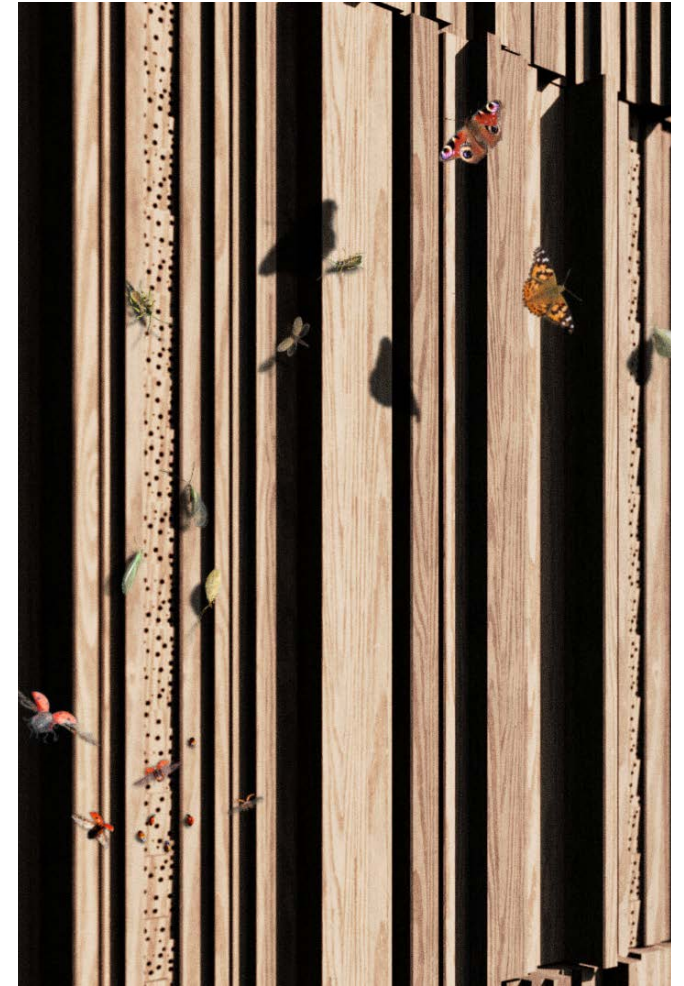
*Prefabricated panels*



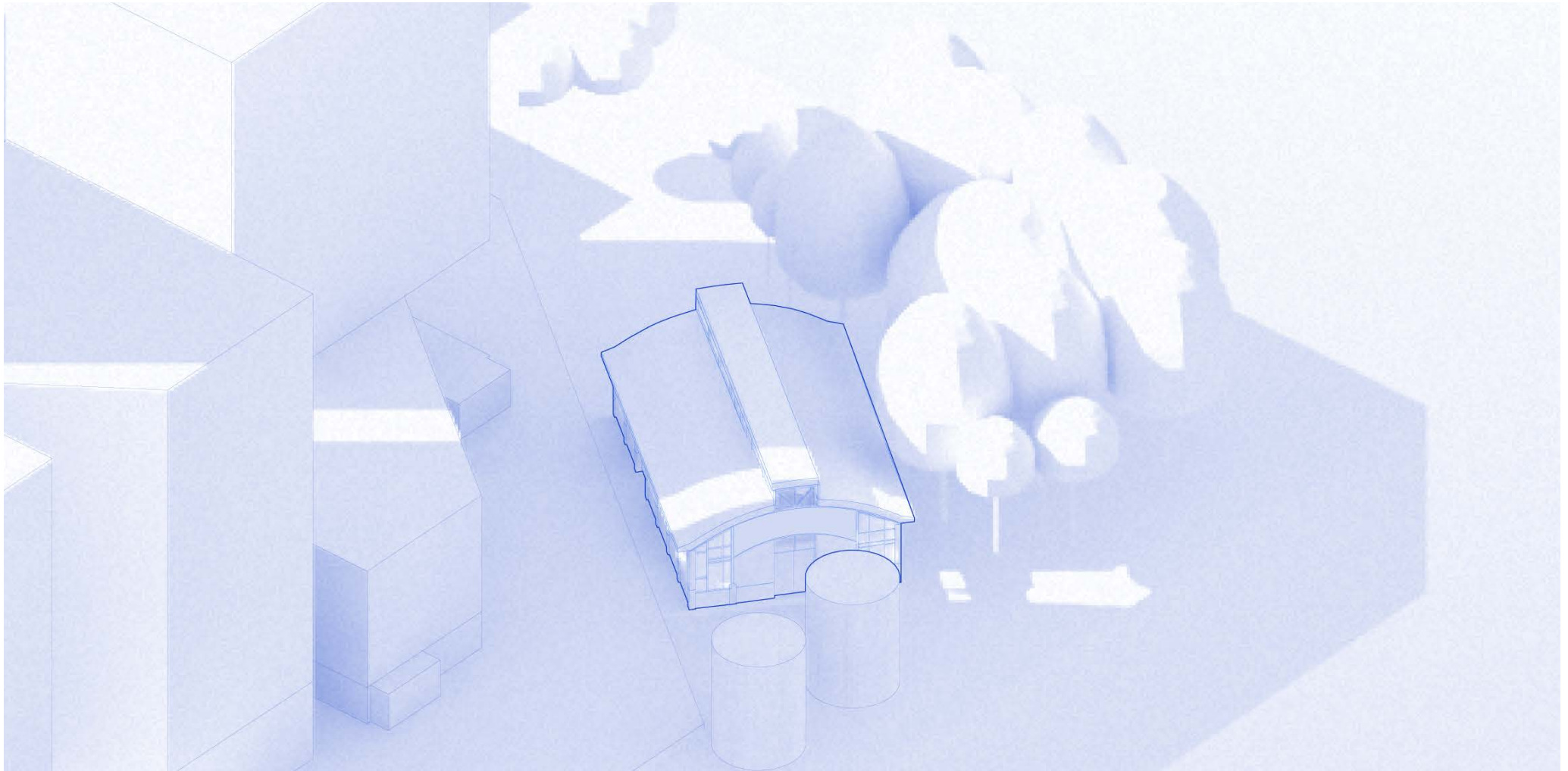
*Panel installation on site*

The selected materials are ones we know well, allowing us to work with their inherent logic and expressive qualities. Rather than imposing form, the architecture grows from the strengths of the material itself—resulting in a distinctive and natural character. Beyond its technical and aesthetic role, the facade also contributes to **nature inclusivity**, with each variation addressing this ambition in a different way.





*Artist's impression of facade and detail with nature-inclusive cladding and integrated insect habitats*



## CIRCULAR PAVILION

2024 -

office: Superuse

location: Rotterdam, Netherlands

phase and role: harvest to sketch design (ongoing)/designer and planner with Margaux Humbert, Jan Muning, Sofia Evison and Floris Schiferli

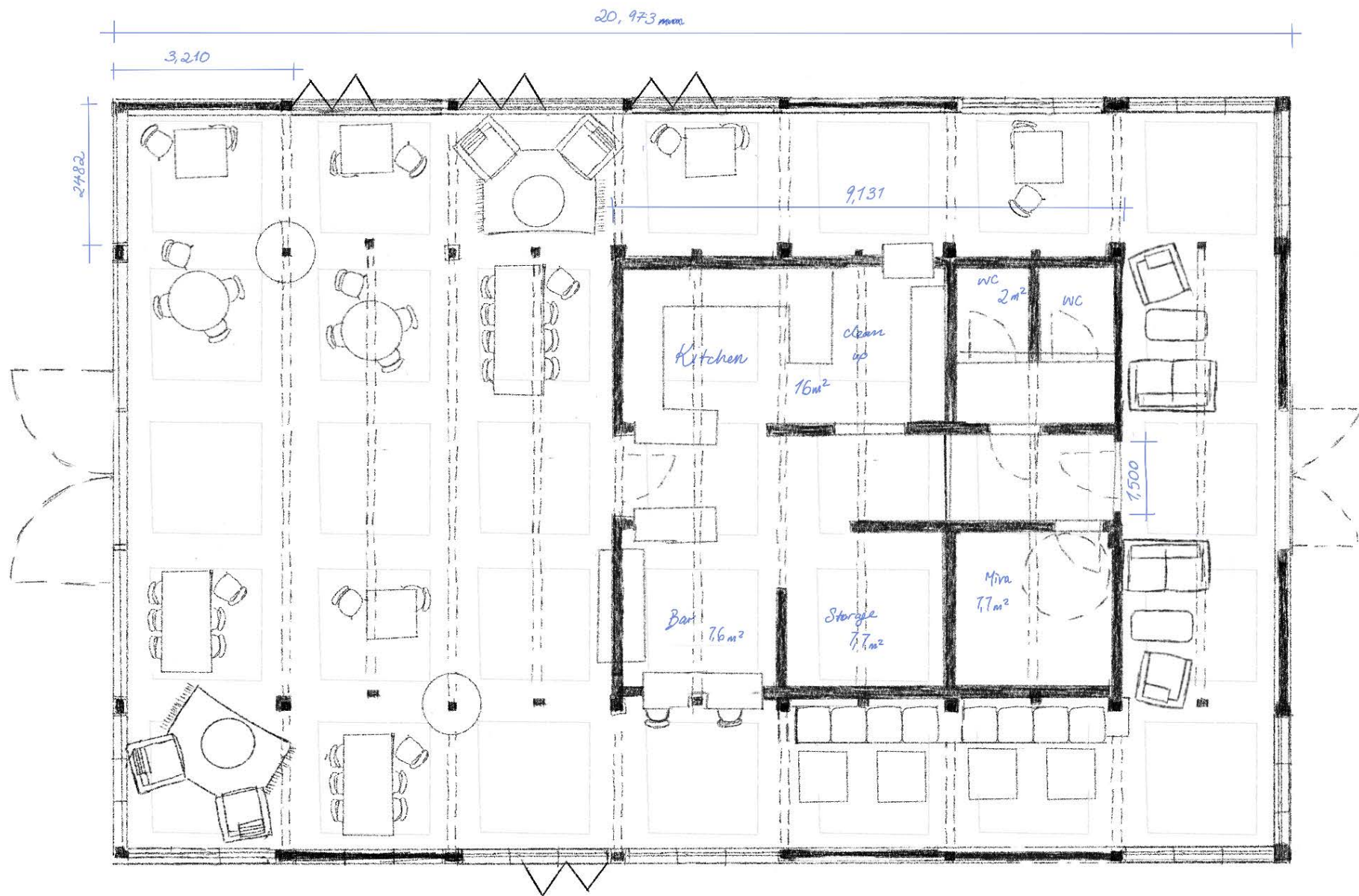
project type: harvest-driven design

As part of the transformation of the former Margarine Factory site in Rotterdam-Zuid, this 300m<sup>2</sup> open-plan restaurant pavilion is designed as a social anchor within the emerging De Kaai district. The building's form and strict structural grid are determined by the **original load-bearing steel** frames (spanten), carefully **harvested** from the site's former laboratory building. This reuse of existing structural elements not only defines the spatial rhythm of the pavilion, but also significantly **reduces embodied carbon** by avoiding the need for newly produced steel—one of the most energy-intensive building materials. The **façades** are intentionally left **free and open**,

fostering transparency and inviting interaction with the surrounding public space.

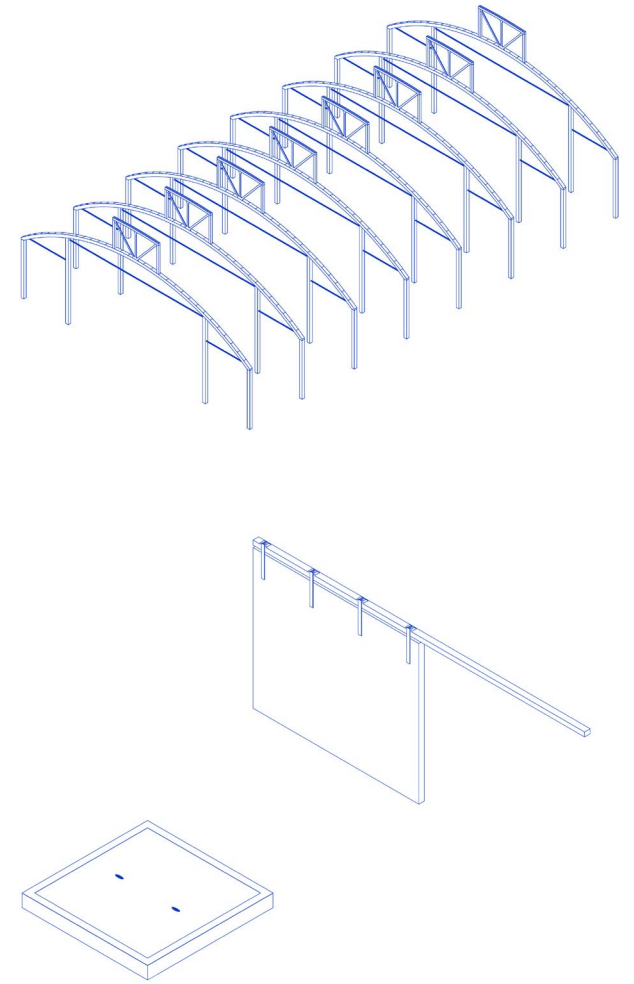
Currently in the sketch design phase, the pavilion is conceived as a low-impact structure constructed **entirely from on-site reclaimed materials**. Positioned at a key urban plaza, it reflects De Kaai's vision of a sustainable, inclusive, and socially connected neighborhood. The pavilion aims to enable a diverse set of activities to support the local former and new residents of the district.





Core with functions detached from open façades, structured by reclaimed steel spanten





*The layered interior with few of the main components, hand sketch by Sofia Evison*





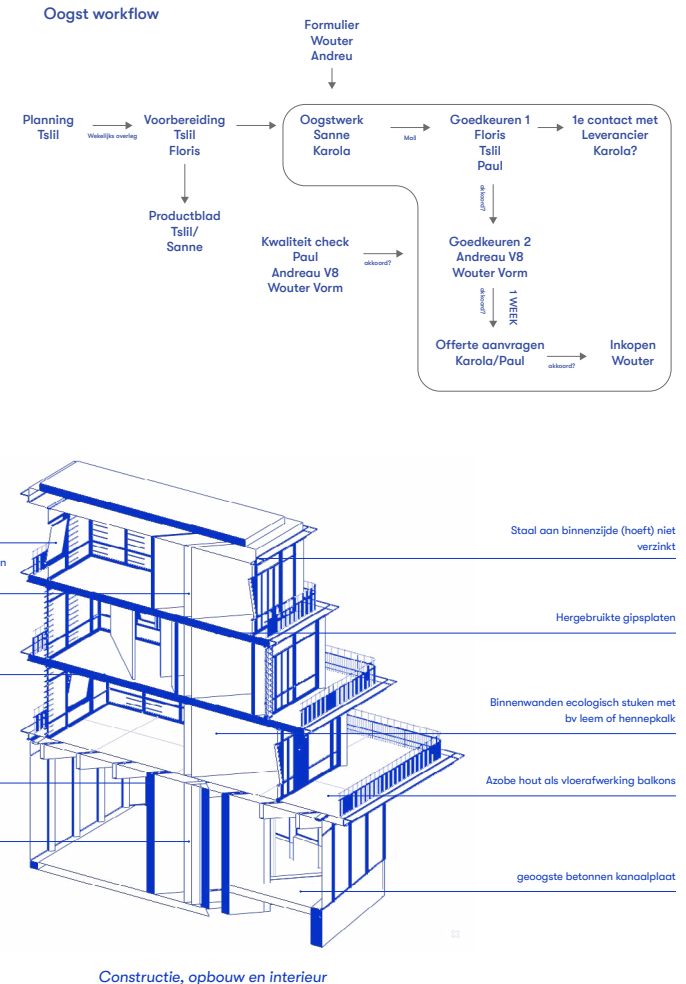
## VILLA RESIDU V8 ARCHITECTS

2022 - 2025

office: Superuse  
location: Rotterdam, Netherlands  
phase and role: advice/designer with Floris Schiferli  
project type: design and material consultancy for architects

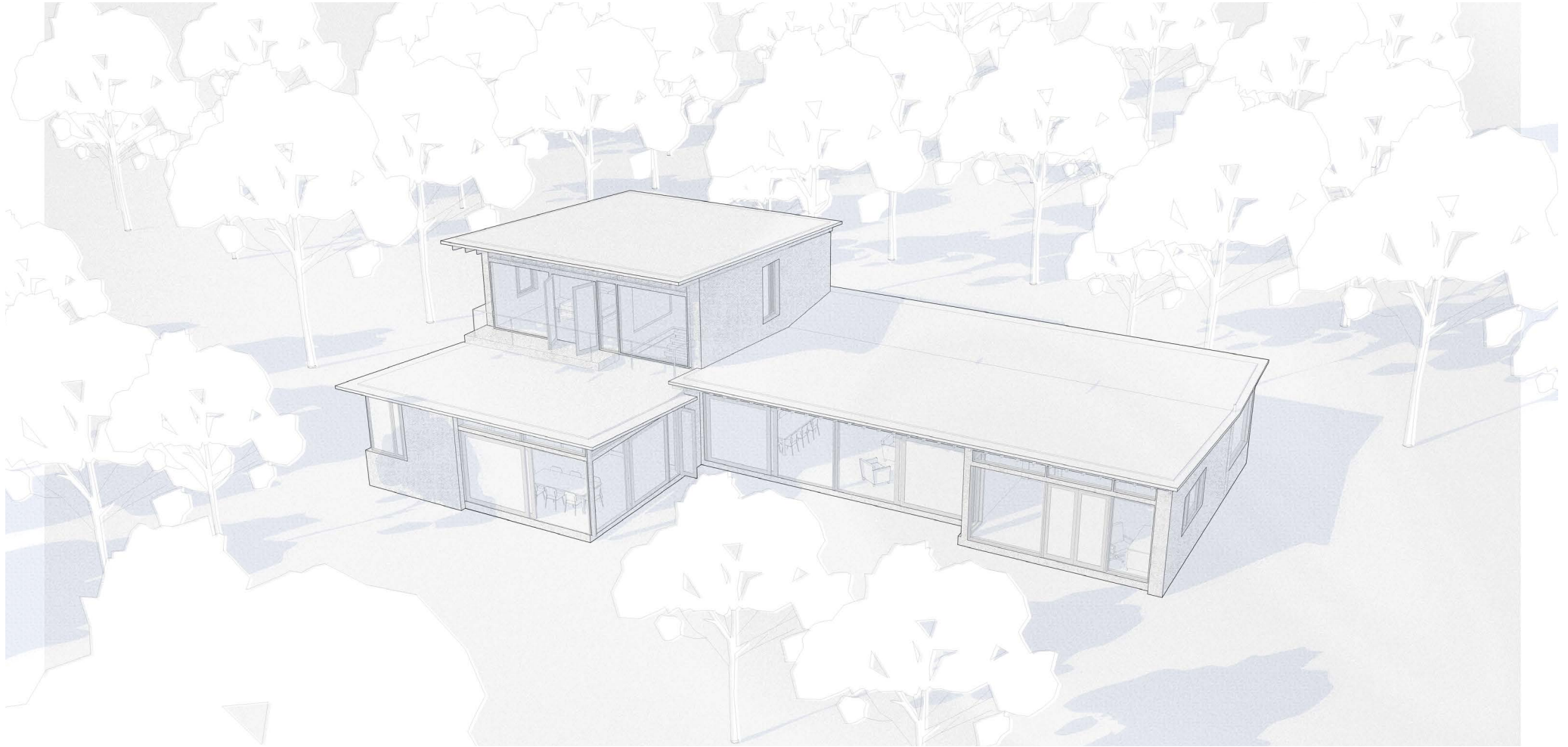
Following the successful tender, the developer invited Superuse to support the realization of their promise to deliver a '100% circular building'.

We proposed design ideas based on the Definitive Design phase to promote more **circular material use**—including reclaimed, deadstock, and biobased materials—in order to achieve the highest possible percentage of circularity. Together with the architect and other parties, such as the structural engineer, we defined the degree of design flexibility in the façade, openings, atmosphere, structural elements, and walls.



In addition to providing design and material consultancy, we facilitated a **workshop** to help the organization implement an alternative approach—focused on the use and handling of circular materials—rather than following a conventional linear design and construction process.

The project was a close **collaboration among stakeholders**, where we supported the integration of harvested materials into the overall planning.



## WOONHUIS BOSCH

2022 - 2025

office: Superuse

location: Zeist, Netherlands

phase and role: sketch design to definitive design/ designer  
with Jeroen Bergsma (currently under construction)

project type: privately commissioned villa

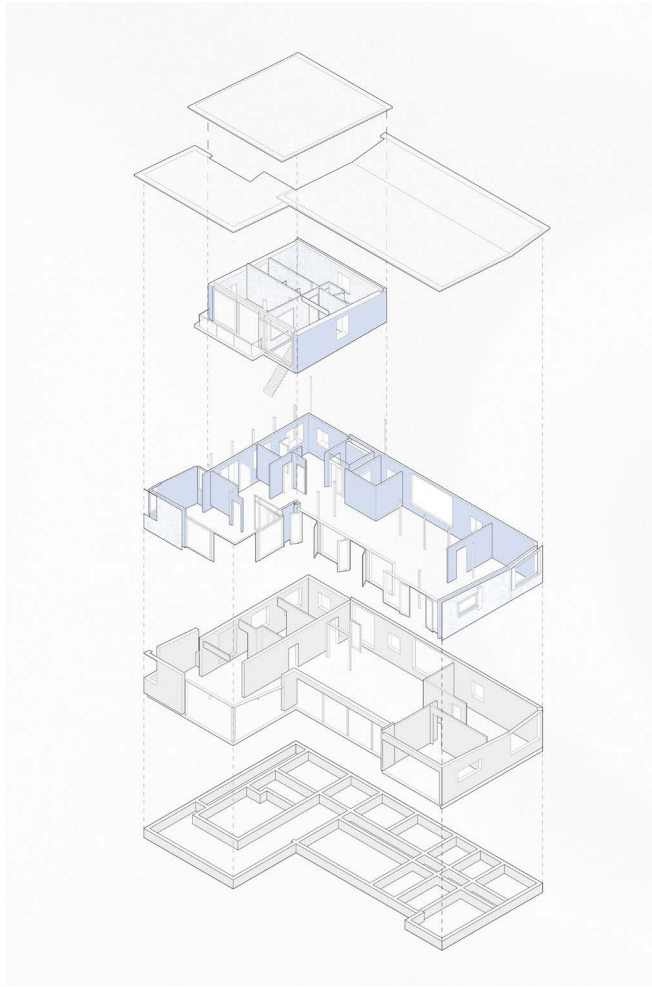
This project transforms a 1955 bungalow into a sustainable villa that balances heritage with contemporary living. In close collaboration with the clients, the design process **explored renovation versus rebuilding**, ultimately preserving key elements of the original structure while upgrading its performance and spatial quality.

The design prioritizes **long-term adaptability**, allowing the couple to age in place with all essential living functions located on the ground floor. A partial second level provides extra privacy.

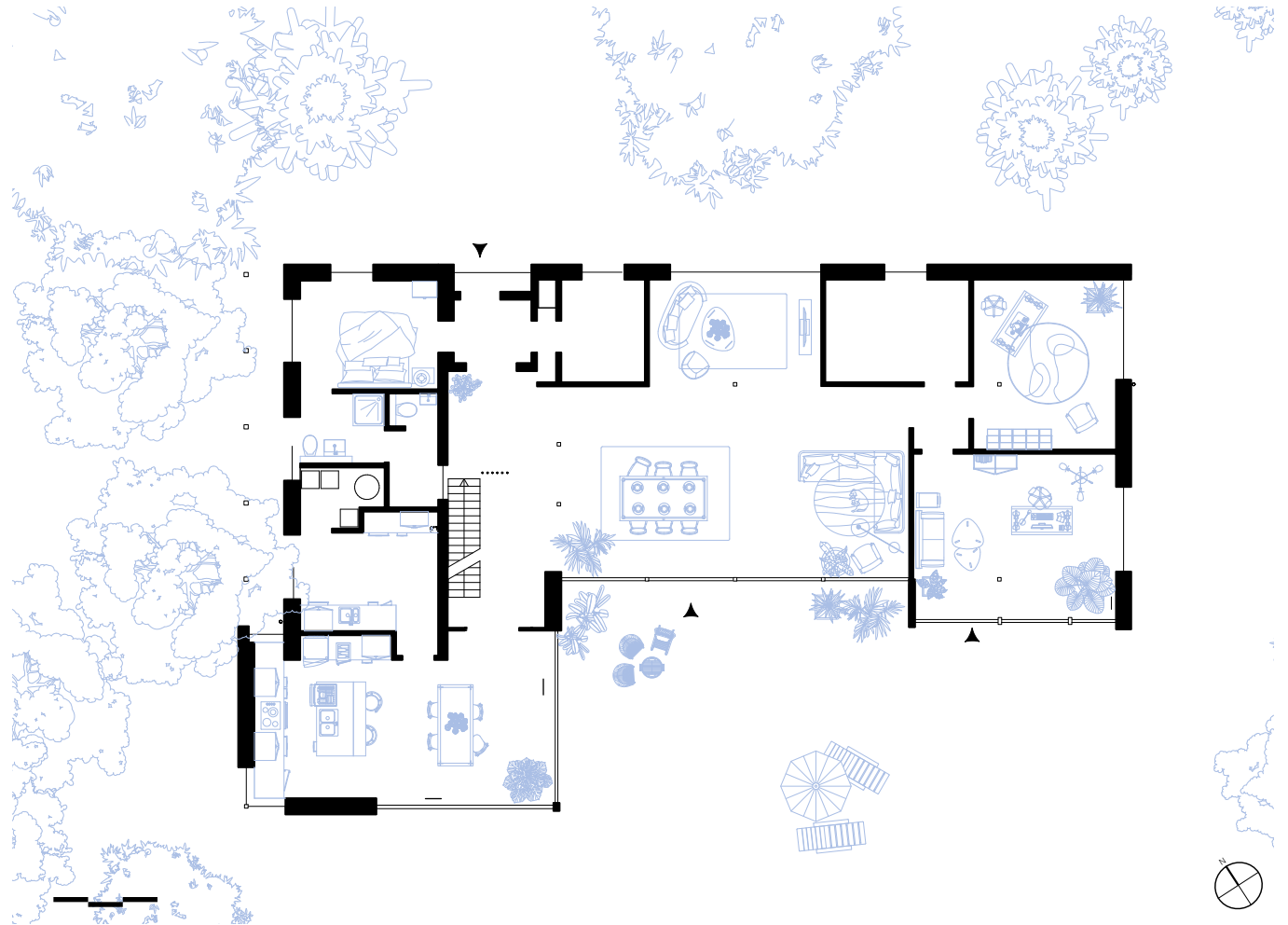
Environmental goals were central to the project. **Bio-based materials**, energy-efficient systems, and a green roof reduce the home's ecological footprint, while thoughtful orientation and detailing strengthen the connection to the surrounding forest.

The house embraces the southern garden, where the forest is not just viewed but invited in—becoming part of everyday life. The organisation, with the orientation of both the studies, is carefully tailored to the couple's routines and remote working needs while considering year-round **climate comfort**.

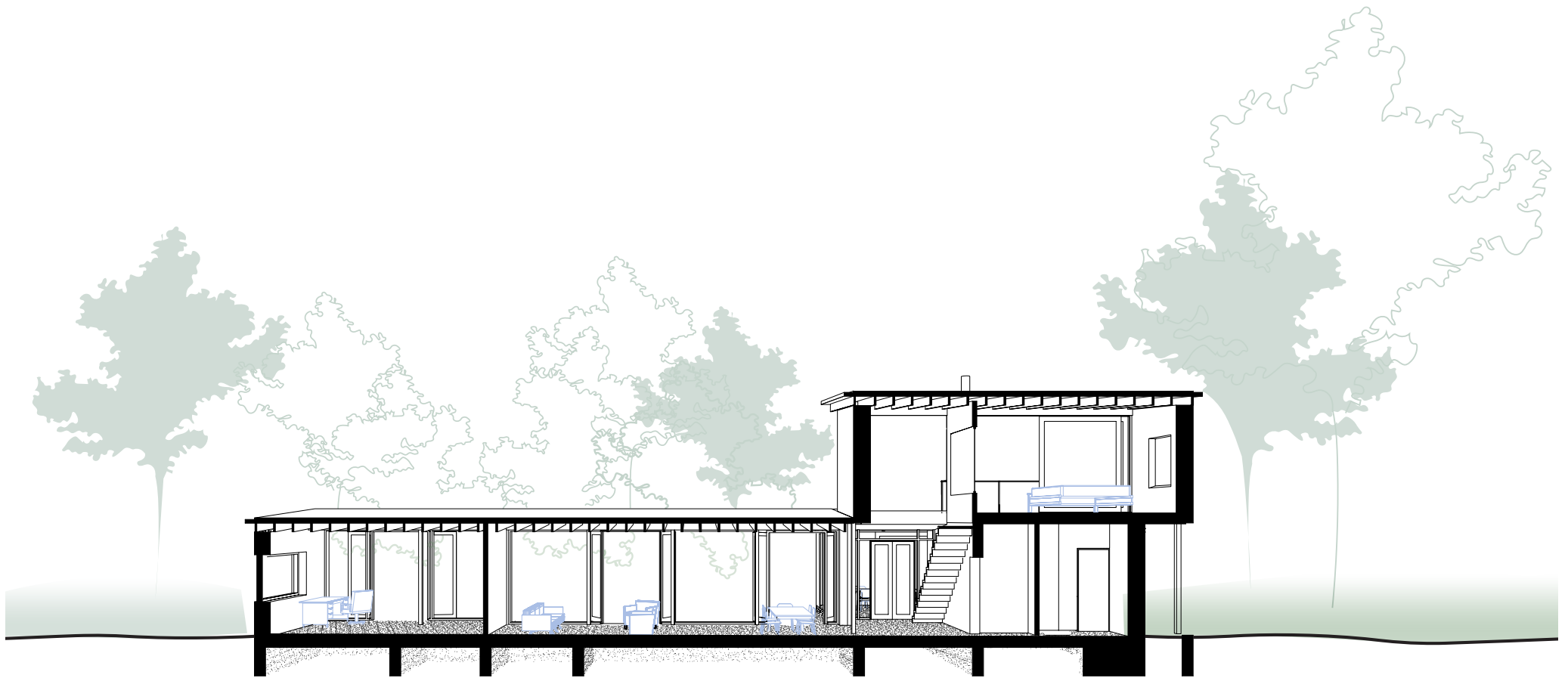




*New design built upon and reuses existing structure*



*Floor plan organized to meet the couple's current wishes and adapt to future needs*



*South-facing section showing the villa's integration with the forest and interior spatial flow*



## REVISITING THE BAUHAUS

2022

office: Superuse

location: Dessau, Germany

phase and role: competition/designer and project lead with Frank Feder and Jos de Krieger

project type: interior intervention

Three years after the opening of the Bauhaus Museum in the city centre of Dessau, the Bauhaus Foundation invited several architecture offices to rethink the museum's ground floor—to introduce **modularity and flexibility** for a wide range of activities and events. At the same time, the project aimed to respond to how the new museum is **perceived by local residents**.

The redesigned ground floor is intended to function as a new **public space**, bridging the adjacent city park and the nearby shopping mall. The proposal builds on the **generosity** of the

existing space, introducing a new layer: **a drape**. This soft intervention creates temporary boundaries that define zones with varying degrees of intimacy. With the drape, sub-areas emerge to accommodate different parts of the programme—inviting children, students, art lovers, and elderly residents from the surrounding neighbourhoods.









Photo: Frank Hanswijk

## FUTURE SCHOOL

2021

office: Superuse

location: Haarlem, Netherlands

phase and role: sketch design to realisation/designer with Jeroen Bergsma

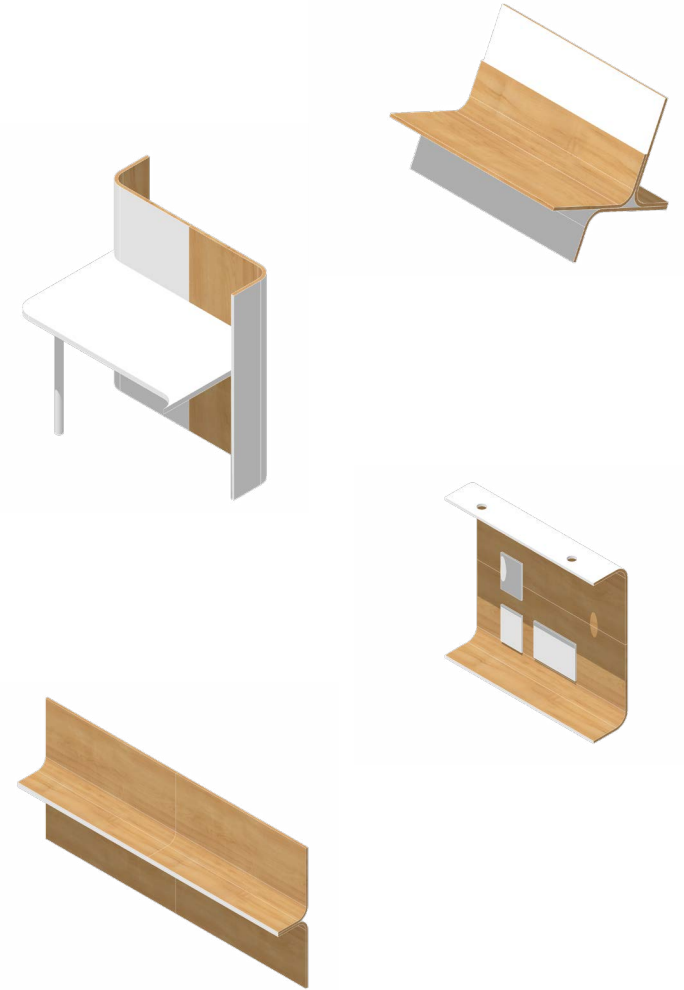
project type: Interiors within existing casco new-built tower.

The new location of After's COOL is situated in the plinth of a residential tower in Haarlem. This after-school learning centre supports pupils with homework and study activities. The interior design serves as a **pilot project for the (re)design of future workspaces**—repurposing components from former office environments to create new, low-impact interiors.

In a fully harvest-driven design approach, curved wooden panels—originally part of the World Trade Center tower—introduce a playful, dynamic formal language to the learning environment. The result is an open, flexible workspace

composed of varied zones and distinctive elements.

These rounded partitions form a **catalogue of functional components**, from desk, tables, shelves, seatings, kitchen cabinets and ventilation shaft, are intended for use across future locations of the organisation.







## OBSERV-A-TREE

2022

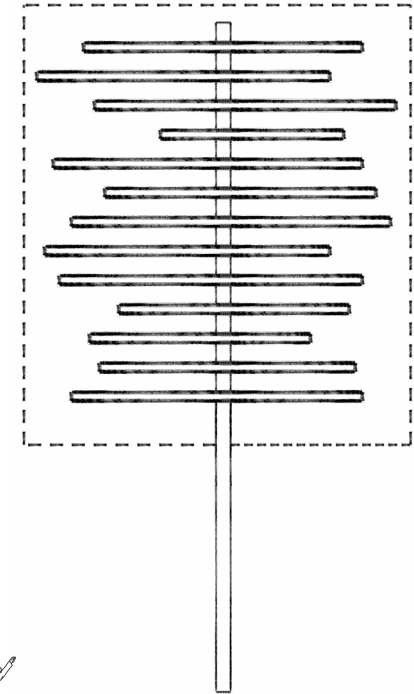
office: collaboration with Harald Peters  
location: Mothe Chandeniers, France  
phase and role: competition/designer  
project type: open call, tree house for slow tourism in an ancient castle  
in rural France

This project has a poetic and meaningful concept—beautifully rooted in both **place and emotion**. Set in rural France, it responds to an open call for a tree house at the historic Mothe Chandeniers, an ancient castle slowly reclaimed by nature. Once a symbol of human grandeur, the castle's ruins are now home to trees and small animals. Inspired by this transformation, the project invites humans to inhabit the forest with equal humility and wonder.

The Architectural Tree becomes a **forest observatory** and a retreat for slow tourism. It offers a space to pause, to

reconnect, and to engage with nature playfully, evoking the lightness of childhood: a time free from schedules, rich in imagination, and open to exploration.

The design is based on a **modular system**, allowing each visitor to **personalize their temporary home**. This act of adjusting and configuring one's environment fosters a sense of ownership, however brief. Each stay becomes unique—a personal imprint within the forest canopy.







# URBAN TRANSPLANT

2020 - 2021

studio: Graduation in Architectural Engineering

location: Brussels, Belgium

tutors: Roel van de Pas, Paddy Tomesen, Jos de Krieger

project: framework for post-capitalist architecture and concrete transformation methods with re-use in Molenbeek

In light of the urgent climate crisis and widening socio-economic gaps, Urban Transplant (UT) demonstrates a new **architectural framework** for a post-capitalist city—one that sees the built environment as a living system of renewal rather than constant replacement. The project sees the city as a reservoir of reusable space, materials, and social value—**challenging the default to demolish** and rebuild.

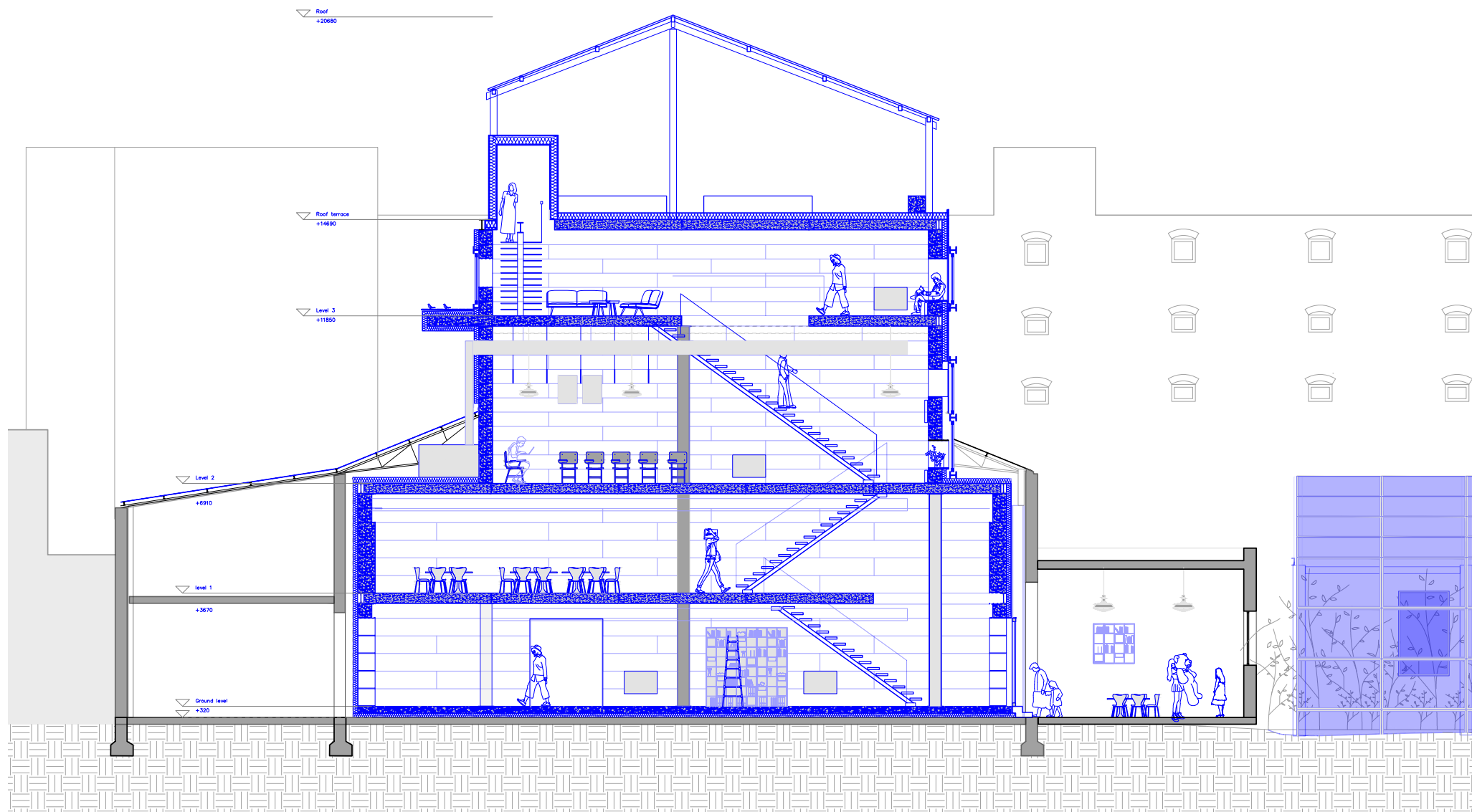
This method minimizes the environmental impact of demolition and construction while raising important social questions around belonging, labor, and transformation. It also confronts

the regulatory and design challenges of adapting reused materials to new norms, all while questioning the **link between comfort and excessive resource use**.

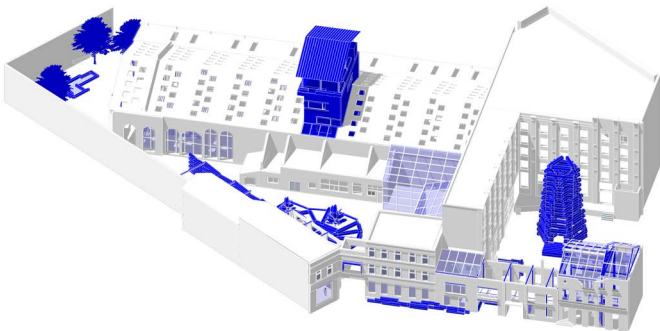
The design proposal demonstrates a site-specific yet transferable circular approach—one that seeks to transform not just buildings, but the systems that shape them.

The programme aims to support a sustainable lifestyle for the community. At its core, it emphasizes that architecture should respond to both ecological limits and **social equity**.





*A transplant showcasing the feasibility of the construction method, independent from the existing structure*



Urban Transplant is a series of interventions exploring the spatial and structural opportunities of **reusing concrete**. It explores a technical strategy to support circular architecture: the cutting and reusing of in-situ concrete structures as standardized components. Rather than demolishing buildings entirely, UT investigates how structural concrete can be surgically removed and reassembled in a different location—effectively transplanting the building's bones.

**A dual site** in Brussels—the World Trade Center and a post-industrial terrain in Molenbeek—serves as a theoretical

proof of concept for the idea of a donor and host site. The donated components from the WTC towers carry with them specific associations, materiality, and proportions. The host, in turn, evolves rather than being erased and rebuilt, helping to preserve **cultural memory** and reduce displacement or gentrification.

It challenges **comfort standards** and regulatory norms that often prioritize convenience over sustainability. Instead, it proposes a more balanced approach to resource use, among others by tapping into residual energy from the surroundings.